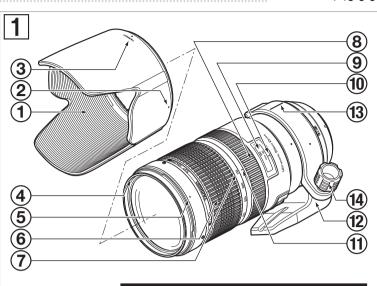
TAMROI

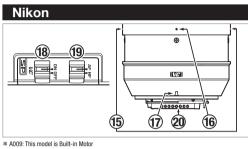
SP70-200mm F/2.8 Di VC USD (for Nikon, Canon)

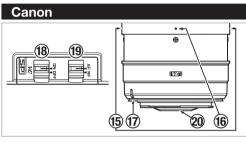
SP70-200mm F/2.8 Di USD

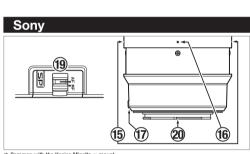
(for Sony *Models without the VC)

Model: A009

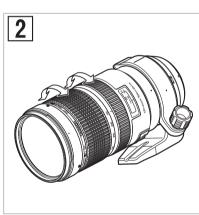


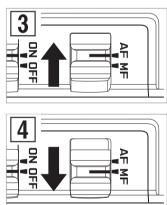


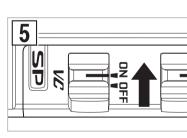


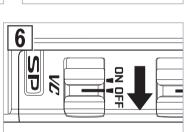


Common with the Konica Minolta α mount

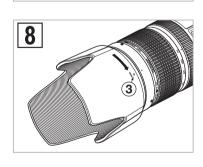




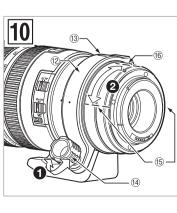














- CE
- * The CE Marking is a directive conformity mark of the European Community (EC).
- * Das C €-Zeichen entspricht der EC Norm. * La marquage C € est un marquage de conformité à la direcive CEE (CE)
- *La marquage Cest un marquage de conformità a la directiva de la Comunidad Europea (CE).
 * La marca Ce es marca de conformidad segun directiva de la Comunidad Europea (CE).
 * Il marchio Ce attesta la conformita alla directtiva della Comunità Europea (CEE). * **C**€标志表示符合欧州共同体(EC)指标
- The EEC Conformity Report applies to the Council Directive 98/336/EEC, 92/31/EEC, 93/68/EEC and is used by Tamron Co., Ltd., manufacturer of this $(\mathbf{C}\mathbf{E})$

ENGLISH

Thank you for purchasing the Tamron lens as the latest addition to your photographic equipment. Before using your new lens, please read the contents of this Owner's Manual thoroughly to familiarize yourself with your lens and the proper techniques for creating the highest quality images possible. With proper handling and care, your Tamron lens will give you many years of photographing beautiful and exciting picture



. Explains precautions that help to prevent problems.



Explains things you should know in addition to basic operations

NOMENCLATURE (Refer to Fig. 1, if not specified)

2 Hood attaching alignment mark

- (4) Filter ring 3 Hood attaching indicator
- (5) Hood attaching bayonet ring ⑥ Zooming ring 7 Focal length scale ® Focusing ring (10) Distance index 9 Distance scale ① Zoom index mark 12 Tripod mount
- (3) Tripod mount index (4) Locking screw (15) Vertical index (6) Horizontal index 17 Lens attachment mark 18 VC (Vibration Compe
- (9) AF/MF switch (Figs. 3 & 4) 20 Lens mount/Lens mount contacts **SPECIFICATIONS**

Focal Length	70-200 mm	
Maximum Aperture	F/2.8	
Angle of View	34°21' - 12°21'	
Lens Construction	17/23	
Minimum Focusing Distance	1.3 m (51.1'')	
Maximum Magnification Ratio	1:8 (at 200 mm)	
Filter Size ø	77 mm	
Length/Overall Length	188.3 mm (7.4")/196.7 mm (7.7")*	
Diameter ø	85.8 mm (3.4")	
Weight	1470 g (51.8 oz)*	
Lens Hood	HA001	

Values are specimeators or interpretations. Length: Distance from the lens from extensity to the into Overall length: Distance from the lens front extremity to the rear projection extremity. Features and appearance of lenses listed in this owner's manual are subject to change without notice. ATTACHING AND REMOVING THE LENS

■ How to mount the lens

Removing the rear cap of the lens. Align the Lens attachment mark ① on the lens barrel with its counterpart on the camera mount and insert the lens. Rotate the lens clockwise until it click-locks. For Nikon models, align the lens attachment mark with the dot on the camera and rotate the

ns counter-clockwise until it click-locks. How to detach the lens

Pressing the lens release button on the camera down, turn the lens counter-clockwise (in case of Nikon lens, clockwise), and lift the lens off the camera's lens mount.

• For further details, please read the instruction manual of your camera.

FOCUSING (Autofocus) and using the full-time manual function In case of a Nikon or Canon camera, switch the AF/MF switch 19 on the lens to AF (Fig. 3). In case of a Nikon camera with the focus mode

selector dial, set the focus mode to S or C, and then set the AF/MF switch (® on the lens to AF. Press the shutter button hallway down while viewing through the camera's viewfinder, the lens focuses automatically. An in-focus mark will light when lens focuses on the main subject sharply, Press the shutter button further to photograph.

In case of a Sony camera, switch the AF/MF switch ® on the lens to AF (Fig. 3), and set the focus mode on the camera to Auto focus (AF). Press the shutter button halfway down while viewing through the camera's viewfinder, the lens focuses automatically. An in-focus mark will

light when lens focuses on the main subject sharply. Press the shutter button further to photograph. Using the full-time manual function?

A009 is equipped with the full-time manual function

The full-time manual function is a function that the focus can be fine-tuned by the manual focus without switching the AF/MF changing switch when taking a picture of auto focus.

How to use the full-time manual function First, set the focus mode to "AF".

You can adjust focus manually while turning the focus ring in the shutter button is pressed lightly. ullet The distance scale @ is marked for guidance purposes. The actual focal point may slightly differ from the distance marked on the focal length index.

For further details, please read the instruction manual of your camera



FOCUSING (Manual Focus) (Ref. Figs. 1, 2 & 4)

In case of a Nikon or Canon camera, switch the AF/MF switch ® on the lens to MF (Fig. 4). In case of a Nikon camera with the focus mode selector dial, set the focus mode to M, and then set the AF/MF switch ® on the lens to MF. Focus manually rotating the focusing ring ® whi viewing through the camera's viewfinder (Fig. (2)). The main subject in the viewfinder will be sharp when the lens is focused correctly. In case of a Sony camera, switch the AF/MF switch ® on the lens to MF (Fig. [4]), and set the focus mode on the camera to Manual focus (MF). Focus manually rotating the focusing ring ® while viewing through the camera's viewfinder (Fig. [2]). The main subject in the viewfinder will be sharp when the lens is focused correctly. • Even in the MF mode, when turning focusing ring ® while pressing the shutter button halfway, the focus aid function lamp lights up when



- picture is in focus. . At infinity, make sure the image in the viewfinder appears sharp. The infinity position is made with certain allowances to insure proper focus
- under a variety of conditions.

 For further details, please read the instruction manual of your camera.
- VC MECHANISM (Ref. Figs. 1, 5 & 6) (Mounted for Nikon and Canon models)

VC (Vibration Compensation) is a mechanism which reduces the image blur caused by hand-held shooting. When using the VC, pictures can be taken at shutter speeds up to a maximum 4 stops slower than the speed when the VC is not used.

taking and the person using the camera.

How to use VC mechanism

* Based on the company's standard measurement. Also, the correction of image blur differs depending on the conditions during picture

Set the VC switch ® on.
 *When VC is not used, set the switch off

- The VC can be effective for hand-held shots under the following conditions.
- Press the shutter button halfway to verify the effect of the VC.When the shutter button is pressed down halfway, it takes about 1 second for the VC to provide a stable image.

Dimly lit locations Scenes where flash photography is forbidden

- Situations where your footing is uncertain
 Taking panning shots of a moving subject
- ■The VC may not be able to give full effect in the following cases: When a photograph is taken from a fast movimg vehicle
 - Shooting during the excessive movement of the camera
 When taking photographs using a tripod
 - Turn the VC switch OFF when taking pictures with the bulb setting or during long exposures. If the VC switch is ON, the VC mechanism
 - may introduce errors

 - With the VC mechanism, there are occasions that the image in the viewfinder blurs right after the shutter button is pressed down halfway, but this is not a malfunction.
 When the VC is 0N, the number of images recordable is reduced due to the power used from the camera.
 When the VC is 0N, immediately after the shutter button is pushed halfway down and approximately 2 seconds after a finger releas the shutter button, the camera will "click". This sound is the VC's locking mechanism activating, not a malfunction.
 - Turn the VC switch OFF when using tripod.

 After releasing the shutter button, the VC will continue to ope
 - When the lens is removed from the camera while VC is activating, the lens may make clicking sound when the lens is subjected to a jolt. This is not a malfunction.
- when the tens is refunded from the called a while vois activating, the tens may make clicking sound when the tens is subjected not a maiffunction.

 The VC activates while the "release" button is pushed halfway down. (It is activated 2 seconds after the shutter button is releas VC can be used in AF or MF mode. ZOOMING (Ref. Figs. 1 & 2)
- LENS HOOD (Ref. Figs. 1, 7 to 9)

Rotate zooming ring ® of the lens while viewing through the camera's viewfinder and compose your image at the chosen focal length.

We recommend shooting with the hood attached whenever possible as the lens hood eliminates stray light, which is harmful to the picture However, please be aware of the precautions stated in the next section when your camera is equipped with a built-in flash ■ Attaching the Lens Hood (Ref. Figs. 7 & 8)

Attaching the Lefts Hood (Ref. Figs. [7] & [6])
Align Hood attaching alignment mark ② on the hood with the corresponding index mark ③ or the top of the index line of the distance scale on the lens. Press the hood lightly not the hood attaching bayonet ring (Fig. [7]) and then rotate it clockwise to secure (Fig. [7]). The lens hood will be secure when the mark "TAMRON ○" is at the top (Fig. [8]). When attaching the lens hood, hold the focus and zoom control rings so that they are not rotated unintentionally.

 Pay particular attention to align the hood attaching indexes when using zoom lenses including wide-angle (e.i. 35mm or wider) settings. Improper attachment of a hood on a wide-angle zoom lens may cause large shadowed areas in your pictures. ■Stowing lens hood on the lens (Ref. Fig. 9)



1) Reverse the lens hood. Point the lens toward the opening, then align the hood attaching index ⑤ on the lens with the (TAMRON \bigcirc) alignment on the hood attaching indicator ③

2) Turn the hood clockwise until the alignment mark (•) is at the top to set it. (Fig. 9) TRIPOD MOUNT (Ref. Figs. 1, 10 & 11)

- A009 comes with a tripod mount. When using a tripod, mount the lens to it using the tripod mount. ■ Changing the position of the camera horizontally and vertically. (Ref. Figs. 10)
 - 1) Turn the locking screw (on the tripod mount counter-clockwise to loosen. (Step () 2) Line up the tripod mount index () with the vertical index () or with the horizontal index (). (Step ()

3) Turn the locking screw (14) on the tripod mount clockwise to secure. (Step 11) Removing the tripod mount (Ref. Figs. 11)

- Turn the locking screw

 on the tripod mount counter-clockwise. (Step
)
 The tripod mount
 will loosen and can then be removed from the lens. (Step
) ■Installing the tripod mount (Ref. Figs. 11)
 - 1) Loosen the tripod mount ② and attach it to the lens barrel. (Step ③) 2) Tighten the tripod mount @ and turn the locking screw @ clockwise to secure. (Step •)
 - When attaching or removing the tripod mount, be careful not to drop the camera and/or the lens.
 Be cautious when carrying the lens while lens is attached to the tripod mount.
- PRECAUTIONS IN SHOOTING
- . The optical design for Di takes into consideration the various features of digital single reflex cameras. However, due to the configuration of The optical design to Traces into Consideration the various reactures or digital single reliex cameras, nowever, due to the computation of the digital single reflex cameras, even when the autofocus accuracy is within specifications, the focal point may be a little forward or behind the optimum point when shooting with autofocus under some conditions. The Tamron lenses described here employ an internal focusing (IF) system. Because of the characteristics of this optical design, the angles of view at distances other than infinity are wider than that of the lenses applying an ordinary focusing system.

 When the built-in flash on the camera is used, adverse photographic phenomena such as corner illumination fall-off or vignetting at the
- bottom part of the image may be observed, especially in wide angle ranges. This is due to the inherent limitation of the coverage of the built-in flash, and/or the relative position of the flash to the edge of the lens barrel which causes shadows on the image. It is strongly recommended to use a suitable separate flash unit provided by the camera manufacturer for all flash photography. For further details, please read the "built-in flash" article on the instruction manual of your camera.
- Certain camera models may indicate the maximum and minimum aperture values of the lens in approximate numbers. This is inherent to the design of the camera and not an indication of an error.
- . Please be aware that there is no infrared index line on any models listed in this owner's manual, and therefore, practically, no black-andwhite infrared film can be used with these lenses.

 • A bayonet-type lens hood (referred to as "hood" below) is provided as standard equipment
- Avoid touching the glass element surface. Use a photographic lens cloth or blower to remove dust from the lens element surface. When not

TO ENSURE LONG-TERM SATISFACTION

gradual temperature shift. This will reduce potential equipment trouble.

. Use a silicon cloth to clean your lens barrel only.

- using the lens, always place a lens cap on it for protection.

 Use a lens cleaning tissue or lint cloth with a drop of cleaning solution to remove fingerprints or dirt on the glass lens surface with a rotary motion from the center to the edge.
- Mildew is an enemy of your lens. Clean the lens after shooting near water or in any humid place. Store your lens in a clean, cool and dry place. When storing the lens in an lens case, store it with commercially available drying agent such as silicagel, and change the agent occasionally. If you find mildew on your lens, consult an authorized repair shop or nearby photographic store.

 • Do not touch the lens-camera interface contacts since dust, dirt and/or stains may cause a contact failure between the lens and camera
 • When using your equipment [camera(s) and lens(es)] in an environment where the temperature changes from one extreme to the other,

make sure to put your equipment temporarily in a case or a plastic bag for a length of time in order for the equipment to go through a